Supporting Underrepresented Students to Build Workforce Diversity

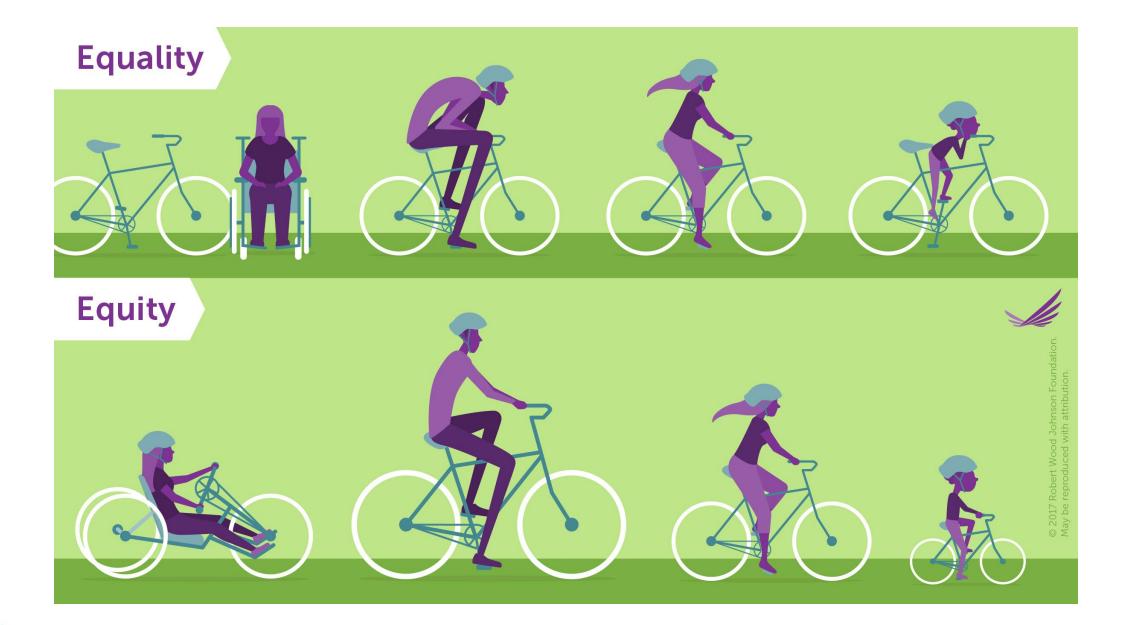




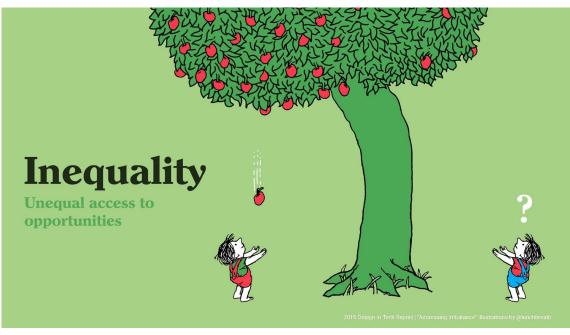
Learning Objectives

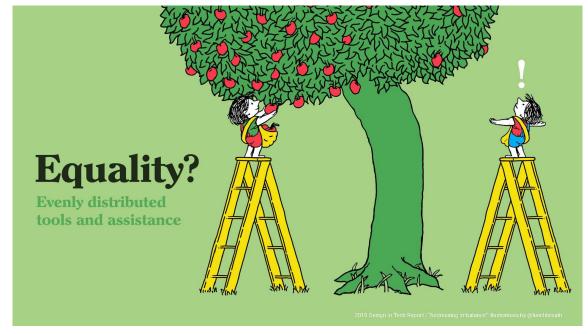
- 1. Define who is underrepresented in medicine
- 2. Describe the systemic challenges and barriers that disproportionately impact students from URM backgrounds
- 3. Understand the importance of recruiting students from communities that are URM

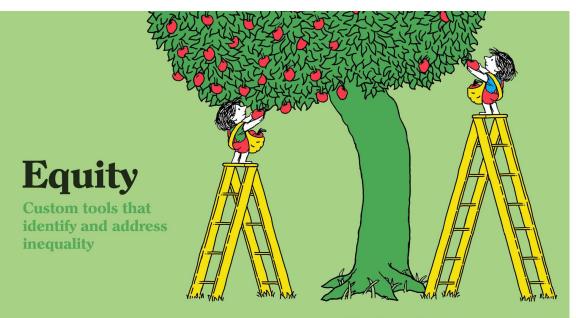


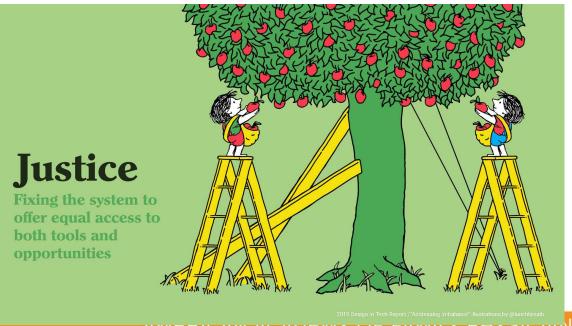








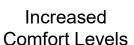






Diversity of the Healthcare Workforce







Boosted Creativity



Enhanced Understanding



More Innovation



Increased Trust



Higher Retention



Improved Communication



Reduced Health Disparities



Increased Engagement



The Importance of Racial Concordance

Improved Patient Experience

Improved Communication

Decreased Bias

- Patient race was associated with physicians' assessment of patient intelligence, feelings of affiliation toward the patient, and beliefs about patient's likelihood of risk behavior and adherence with medical advice;
- Patient SES was associated with physicians' perceptions of patients' personality, abilities, behavioral tendencies and role demands.

URM physicians are more likely to practice primary care and to care for minority and vulnerable patients, including those from communities with lower socioeconomic status.





Becoming culturally competent and practicing cultural humility are ongoing processes that change in response to new situations, experiences and relationships. Cultural competence is a necessary foundation for cultural humility.

CULTURAL HUMILITY

GAINING CULTURAL KNOWLEDGE

What are other cultures like, and what strengths do they have?

DEVELOPING CULTURAL SELF-AWARENESS

What is my culture, and how does it influence the ways I view and interact with others?

HOLDING SYSTEMS ACCOUNTABLE

How can I work on an institutional level to ensure that the systems I'm part of move toward greater inclusion and equity?

Understanding and Redressing Power Imbalances

How can I use my understanding of my own and others' cultures to identify and work to disrupt inequitable systems?

CULTURAL COMPETENCE





What is Underrepresentation in Medicine?

The AAMC definition of underrepresented in medicine is:

"Underrepresented in medicine means those racial and ethnic populations that are underrepresented in the medical profession relative to their numbers in the general population."

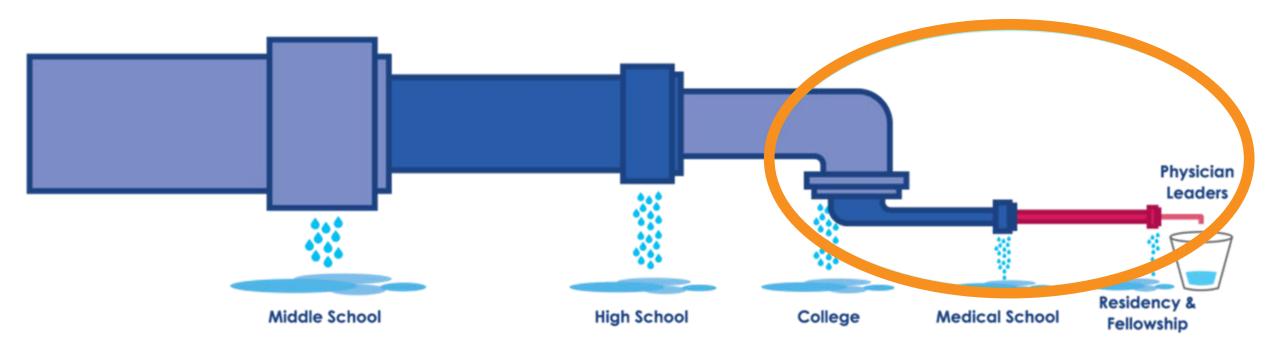
Transition from a fixed aggregation of four racial and ethnic groups to a continually evolving paradigm.

A shift in focus from a national perspective to a regional or local perspective on underrepresentation.

Before June 26, 2003, the AAMC used the term "underrepresented minority (URM)," which consisted of Blacks, Mexican-Americans, Native Americans (that is, American Indians, Alaska Natives, and Native Hawaiians), and mainland Puerto Ricans.



The Leaky Pipeline into Medicine





Barriers to Success

Inadequate institutional support and resources

- Academic Support
- Connection to physicians/shadowing
- Educational Opportunity

Limited personal resources and social/family conflict

- Financial resources
- Competition
- Fear of nonacceptance
 - Family Pressure
- Individual skill sets

Lack of access to information, mentoring, and advising

Historical and societal barriers



Solutions



Engage

How do we gain student interest?

Sustain

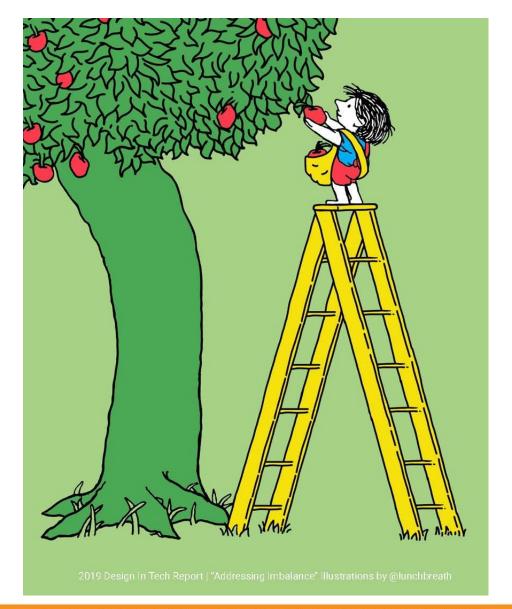
How do we guide them along the pathway to leadership?

Recruit

How do we support students in the application process?

Retain

How do we assure that the students are successful once they have matriculated?





How Can I Make a Difference?



